## **Certificate of Analysis**

ISO 17034 ANAB Cert# AR-1470

ISO/IEC 17025 ANAB Cert# AT-1467

# TAURINE CERTIFIED REFERENCE MATERIAL

$$H_2N$$
O
S
O
OH

**CERTIFIED PURITY:** 99.8%,  $U_{crm} = \pm 0.6\%$  k = 2

(Mass Balance/as is basis)

NOMINAL PACKAGE SIZE: 1g

CATALOG #: PHR1109 LOT #: LRAB9111

CERTIFICATE VERSION: LRAB9111.2 ISSUE DATE: 31 March 2019

Note: Certificates may be updated due to Pharmacopeial Lot changes or the availability of new data.

Check our website at: www.sigma-aldrich.com for the most current version.

**CRM EXPIRATION:** 31 December 2022 (Proper Storage and Handling Required).

RECEIPT DATE:

Note: this space is provided for convenience only and its use is not required.

**STORAGE**: Store in a Refrigerator, keep container tightly closed. Attachment of a 20 mm aluminum crimp seal recommended for unused portions.

CHEMICAL FORMULA:  $C_2H_7NO_3S$  MW: 125.2

PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION: White powder in amber vial CAS #: 107-35-7

**HAZARDS:** Read Safety Data Sheet before using. All chemical reference materials should be considered potentially hazardous and should be used only by qualified laboratory personnel.

**INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE:** Do not dry, use on the as is basis. The internal pressure of the container may be slightly different from the atmospheric pressure at the user's location. Open slowly and carefully to avoid dispersion of the material. This material is intended for Laboratory Use only. Not for drug, household or other uses.

### TRACEABILITY ASSAY

Comparative assay demonstrates direct traceability to Pharmacopeial Standards

## ASSAY vs. USP REFERENCE STANDARD (as is basis)

ASSAY VALUE vs. USP LOT 101.3% R077A0

Labeled Content = 0.999 mg/mg

**METHOD: HPLC** 

Column: Ascentis Express OH5, 4.6 x 150mm, 2.7µm

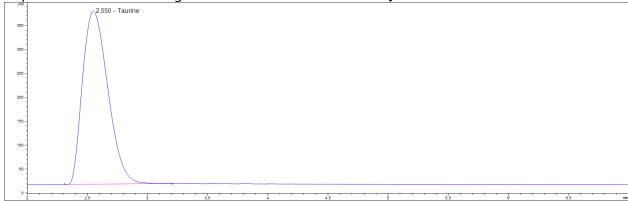
Mobile Phase: 0.005M Ammonium formate in Water (pH: 3.10), Acetonitrile (30:70)

Flow: 1.25 mL/min

Column Temperature: 40°C

Injection: 20 μL Detector: ELSD

Representative Chromatogram from Lot: LRAB9111 Analysis



## **PURITY DETERMINATION BY MASS BALANCE**

#### CHROMATOGRAPHIC IMPURITY ANALYSIS

**METHOD: HPLC** 

Column: Ascentis Express OH5, 4.6 x 150mm, 2.7µm

Mobile Phase: 0.005M Ammonium formate in Water (pH: 3.15), Acetonitrile (90:10)

Flow: 0.75 mL/min

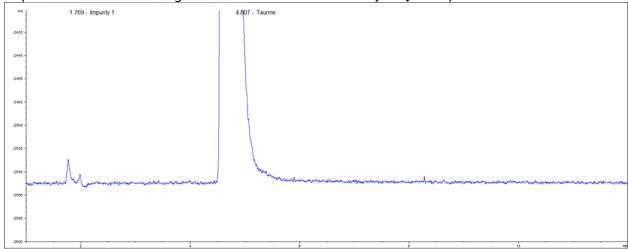
Column Temperature: 35°C

Injection: 10 μL Detector: ELSD

#### Impurities Detected:

#### Impurity 1: **0.06%**

Representative Chromatogram from Lot: LRAB9111 Impurity Analysis



#### **RESIDUAL SOLVENTS**

Method: GC-MS Headspace (ref.: Residual Solvents USP <467>)

Column: DB-1301 Carrier gas: He Flow: 1.2 mL/min Split Ratio: 1:5

Injection/Temperature: 1 µL/250°C

Temperature Program: 40°C for 20min, 10°C/min to 240°C, hold 20 min

Solvents Detected: None

#### LOSS ON DRYING/VOLATILES

Method: Oven at 105°C (ref.: Current Compendial Monographs)

Mean of three measurements, Loss = 0.04%

#### **RESIDUE ANALYSIS**

Method: Sulfated Ash (ref.: Current Compendial Monographs)

Sample Size: ~1g

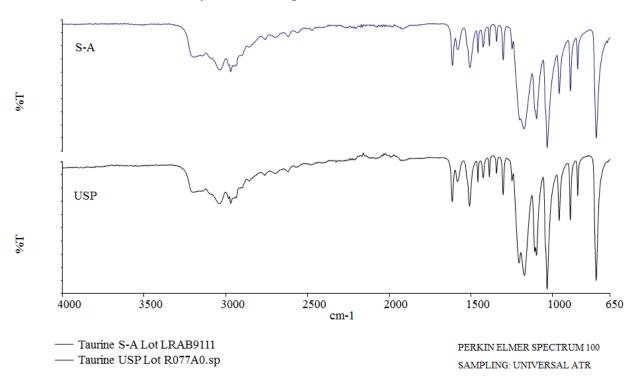
Mean of three measurements, Residue = 0.05%

## **CERTIFIED PURITY BY MASS BALANCE** [100% - Impurities (normalized)]

**99.8%** 
$$U_{crm} = \pm 0.6\%$$
, k = 2 (as is basis)

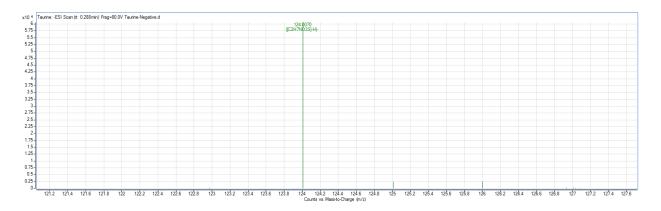
## **IDENTIFICATION TESTS**

**INFRARED SPECTROPHOTOMETRY** (Comparative identification analysis demonstrates direct traceability to Pharmacopeial standards)



#### **MASS SPECTRUM**

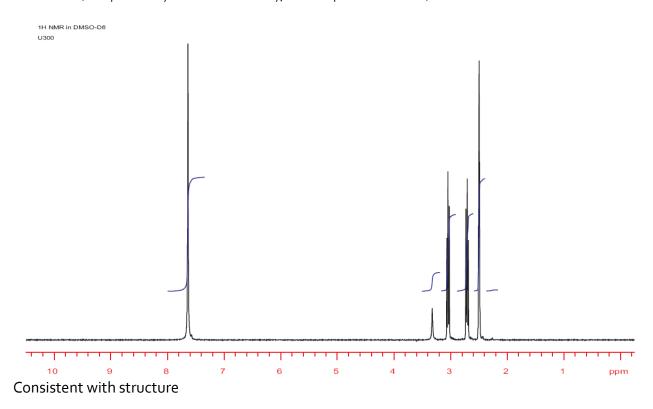
Method: HR-QTOF; 4.0 kV ESI-; temperature: 325 °C



Theoretical value: 124.0070 m/z

The signal of the MS spectrum is consistent with the theoretical value and its interpretation is consistent with the structural formula.

 ${}^{\mathbf{1}}\mathbf{H}\;\mathbf{NMR}\;$  (Data provided by an external laboratory; not in scope of accreditation)



## **ELEMENTAL ANALYSIS** (Data provided by an external laboratory; not in scope of accreditation)

Exeter Analytical 440 Elemental Analyzer

Combustion method

%	Theoretical	Result 1	Result 2	Mean
C	19.19	19.25	19.14	19.20
Н	5.64	5.49	5.49	5.49
N	11.19	11.12	11.06	11.09

#### HOMOGENEITY ASSESSMENT

Homogeneity was assessed in accordance with ISO Guide 35. Completed units were sampled using a random stratified sampling protocol. The results of chemical analysis were then compared by Single Factor Analysis of Variance (ANOVA). The uncertainty due to homogeneity was derived from the ANOVA. Heterogeneity was not detected under the conditions of the ANOVA.

Analytical Method: HPLC Sample size: ~ 20 mg

#### UNCERTAINTY STATEMENT

Uncertainty values in this document are expressed as Expanded Uncertainty ( $U_{crm}$ ) corresponding to the 95% confidence interval.  $U_{crm}$  is derived from the combined standard uncertainty multiplied by the coverage factor k, which is obtained from a t-distribution and degrees of freedom. The components of combined standard uncertainty include the uncertainties due to characterization, homogeneity, long term stability, and short term stability (transport). The components due to stability are generally considered to be negligible unless otherwise indicated by stability studies.

#### STABILITY ASSESSMENT

Significance of the stability assessment will be demonstrated if the analytical result of the study and the range of values represented by the Expanded Uncertainty do not overlap the result of the original assay and the range of its values represented by the Expanded Uncertainty. The method employed will usually be the same method used to characterize the assay value in the initial evaluation.

Long Term Stability Evaluation - An assessment, or re-test, versus a Compendial Reference Standard may be scheduled, within the 3 year anniversary date of a release of a Secondary Standard. The re-test interval will be determined on a case-by-case basis. Short Term Stability Study - It is useful to assess stability under reasonably anticipated, short term transport conditions by simulating exposure of the product to humidity and temperature stress. This type of study is conducted under controlled conditions of elevated temperature and humidity.

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QC Manager

Head Quality Assurance

#### **APPENDIX**

Original Release Date: 12 June 2018 Requalification Test Date: 31 March 2019



